

# Reaction-Diffusion systems in Biology

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## 1. Introduction

Synergetics, Self-organization, Complexity.

## 2. Linear systems

First order equations

- *Simple example, logistic population model, constant harvesting*

Planar linear systems

- *Second order differential equations, planar linear systems, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, solving linear systems*

Phase portrait

- *Real distinct eigenvalues, complex eigenvalues, repeated eigenvalues, change of coordinates*

Classification of planar systems

## 3. Biochemical Reactions

Law of mass action

- *Simple reaction, Bimolecular reaction, dimerization, Trimolecular reaction*

Enzyme kinetics

- *Michaelis-Menten dynamics, cooperativity, Hill function*

Goldbeter-Koshland mechanism

- *Phosphorylation, dephosphorylation, switches*

## 4. Diffusion

Microscopic theory

- *Brownian motion, random walk, diffusion coefficient*

Macroscopic theory

- *First Fick's law, Second Fick's law, Example in 1D*

Typical values of Diffusion coefficients

- *Einstein's relation, characteristic diffusion values, diffusion coefficients inside cells*

## 5. Reaction-diffusion

Reaction-Diffusion equations

- *Conservation law, travelling wave solution*

Fischer-Kolmogorov equation

- *Propagation into a unstable state, continuous spectra of velocities*

Schlögl equation

- *Propagation into a metastable state, single velocity*

## 6. Mathematical aspects

Brusselator model

- *History, mass action law*

Temporal dynamics

- *Stability analysis, Hopf bifurcation*

Spatio temporal dynamics

- *Stability analysis, Turing bifurcation, Co-dimension two bifurcation*

## 7. Chemical waves

CO oxidation in catalytic surfaces

- *Mechanism, KEE model*

BZ reaction

- *History, oscillations, FKN model, Oregonator model, excitability, photosensitive version, waves*

## 8. Integration methods of PDE

Temporal integration of ODE

- *Taylor series, Euler method, Runge-Kutta method*

Spatial finite differences

- *Forward, backward, centered formula*

Spatio-temporal methods

- *Euler method, Crank-Nicholson method*

Boundary and initial conditions

## 9. Membrane potential propagation

Nerst potential

- *Membrane potential, Nerst-Planck equation*

Ion channels

- *Electric circuit, channel gating*

Hodgkin-Huxley model

- *Sodium current, potassium current, oscillations*

Cable equation

## 10. Excitability

Membrane potential

- *Hodgkin-Huxley model, simpler version*

FitzHugh-Nagumo model

- *Nullclines, excitability, bistability, oscillatory*

Waves in extended systems

- *Traveling wave solution, curvature effects, spiral waves, scroll waves*

## 11. Glycolysis

Glycolysis

- *Metabolism, Glucose oxidation, reactions*

Sel'kov model

- *Model derivation, quasi-steady approximation, oscillations*

Extended Sel'kov model

- *Model derivation, spatial waves*

## 12. Calcium waves

Calcium dynamics

- *Oscillations, Waves*

Calcium cell models

- *Influx, Mitochondria, Calcium Buffers, Calcium pumps, IP3 dynamics*

Calcium Waves

- *Spiral waves, traveling waves*

## 13. Cell polarization

Cell division

- *E. Coli, C. Elegans*

Cell motion

- *Chemotaxis, Dictyostelium discoideum, Neutrophils, LEGI, bistability*

Generic mass-conserved models

## 14. Cardiac tissue

Heart

- *Wave propagation, Contraction, Myocytes, Tissue, ECG, Fibrillation*

Myocytes

- *Membrane action potential, ion channels*

Tissue

- *1D fibers, Bidomain model, monodomain*

## ***Bibliography***

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*H. C. Berg, Random walks in Biology (Princeton).*